



## **Event details**

Event title	Classroom lesson and demonstration			Event dates	23/02/2016	
Venue/host	School A		Organiser	School A	School A	

## Hazards and control measures

Hazards  Description of hazard (chemicals, activity and potential harm, e.g. burns, inhalation of fumes, noise)	Control measures  State measures, other than the minimum safety requirements detailed below
Flammable dusts (zinc powder). Finely divided zinc dispersed as a dust cloud, in contact with an energetic source of ignition such as a hot flame or incendive spark, can ignite with explosive violence. Dust cloud concentration, particle size, and ignition source are critical parameters.	Careful handling of powder to avoid spills that could form a dust cloud. Limit quantities used. Perform transfer operations away from hot Bunsen flames, sparking electrical equipment.
Corrosive material (sodium hydroxide pellets). Contact with skin or eyes, or ingestion of solid or strong solutions of caustic soda will cause severe burns.	Appropriate PPE to be worn by demonstrator (eye protection, impermeable gloves) and audience (eye protection). Careful dispensing and handling, immediate clearing and disposal of spillages by dilution with water or collection of solid into a container. Dissolution of caustic soda is exothermic. It should always be added to water in small quantities.
Chemical reactions 1. zinc powder and sodium hydroxide solution. The reaction generates hydrogen which causes frothing of the reaction mixture. Ignition of released gas could result in loud 'pop' and very pale flame. 2. sodium zincate solution, zinc, and copper based coin. This results in colour changes to the coin only with no significant hazard.	Reaction 1. Add zinc slowly to hot caustic solution. Carry out addition in a well-ventilated area to allow dispersion of generated hydrogen. Reform addition away from potential sources of ignition such as naked lights.
Fire	Light Bunsen burner at low gas flow rate and with a combustible materials. Don't leave a lit Bunsen unattended, particularly in areas where there may be strong draughts that could blow out flame and release unburned gas to ignite (possibly with explosive violence) elsewhere.